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Version: 3

Intussusception Care Pathway

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Introduction

The purpose of this pathway is to assist the health care team with clinical decisions regarding the management of a patient with intussusception.

Target Population:

- **Inclusion:** Children age 0-18 years old with no underlying disease or comorbidity who have been suspected to have or diagnosed with intussusception.
- **Exclusion**: to be removed from this pathway if child has significant comorbidities, significant postoperative/post procedure complications (eg. bowel obstruction, bowel perforation, or prolonged TPN therapy) or a change in diagnosis.

Target Users:

• Emergency physicians, radiologists, surgeons, residents, fellows, nurse practitioners and nurses on the ward.

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Printable version – Intussusception Management Pathway Printable version – Tube Related Intussusception Care Pathway

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Patients scheduled for surgery typically receive pre and post-surgical care as described below

	PRE-OPERATIVE	IMMEDIATELY POST-OPERATIVELY	POST-OP DAY # 1-2 (no bowel resection); DAY # 1-4 (with bowel resection)	DISCHARGE: DAY 3 (no bowel resection); DAY 5 (with bowel resection)
GOALS	 Hydration maintained Patient prepared for OR Child/family are advised of pre-op bath. Wipes to be used upon arrival. Refer to procedure document Adequate pain control 	1. Afebrile 2. Adequate pain control 3. Out of bed 4. Incision intact, no drainage; dry and intact	1. Afebnie 2. Adequate pain control 3. Ambulating 4. Able to tolerate NG to drainage/clamp/remove 5. Incision dry & intact	1. Afebrile 2. Adequate pain control 3. Ambulating 4. Able to tolerate diet 5. Incision dry and intact 6. Child/ caregiver teaching completed 7. Family understands discharge teaching
PHYSICAL EXAM	Obtain history Complete physical exam Assess vital signs Complete pain assessment (refer to <u>Pain</u> <u>Assessment Guidelines</u>) Ensure child has adequate pain control (refer to <u>Pain Management Guidelines</u>) Obtain accurate in and out Obtain weight and height	Complete pain assessment every 4 hours Ensure child has adequate pain control (refer to <u>Pain Management Guidelines)</u> Monitor vital signs as per BPews Obtain accurate in and out Complete wound assessment Assess stool color and consistency	Complete pain assessment every 4 hours Ensure child has adequate pain control (refer to <u>Pain Management Guidelines)</u> Monitor vital signs as per BPews Obtain accurate in and out Complete wound assessment (remove surgical dressing, leave steristrips) Assess stool color and consistency	
DIET & N FLUIDS	Ensure that patient is NPO Administer D5W/0.9 NaCl at maintenance Normal saline bolus as indicated Refer to Fluid and Electrolyte Guidelines	 NPO until bowel function present, no abdominal distension, and no nausea/vomiting; then start clear fluids to diet as tolerated Administer D5W/0.9 NaCl with 20mmol KCL/L at maintenance Normal saline bolus as indicated Refer to Fluid and Electrolyte Guidelines 	 NPO until bowel function present, no abdominal distension, and no nausea/vomiting; then start clear fluids to diet as tolerated IV to maintenance; TKVO once adequate oral fluid intake 	
NG TUBE		 NG tube to low intermittent suction/ straight drain May put to straight drainage if clinically indicated (decreased output volume, non-bilious, no nausea) May remove when tolerate NG to straight drainage or clamp (no nausea/vomiting, no abdominal distention, and no pain) 	 NG tube to low intermittent suction' straight drain May put to straight drainage if clinically indicated (decreased output volume, non-bilious, no nausea) May remove when tolerate NG to straight drainage or clamp (no nausea/vomiting, no abdominal distention, and no pain) 	
LABS & MEDICATION	Complete CBC with differential Coagulation, electrolytes, type and screen, and Sickle Cell screen (if indicated)	 Labs as clinically indicated IV morphine continuous infusion Acetaminophen as indicated for pain/fever Continue cefoxitin IV for 24 hours post-op then reassess Ketorolac every 6 hours for pain management for 48 hours (age appropriate and clinically indicated) Ampicillin/gentamicin/metronidazole X 7 days if perforated 	 Wean morphine infusion to off (decrease by 5-10 mcg every 24 hours) If pain/fever, administer acetaminophen as indicated Ketorolac/ibuprofen every 6 hours as needed for pain 	If needed, provide prescription for oral medication

PRINTABLE VERSION

Related Documents

Care of Patients Receiving Continuous Infusion of Opioids ==> Care of Patients Receiving Patient Controlled and Nurse Controlled Analgesia ==> SickKids e-formulary

Implementation Plan

- Education and awareness building by General Surgery Program (Surgeons, NPs, fellows, nurse educator) at: fellow orientation (once per year) nursing orientation (every 3 months), and residents' orientation (every month).
- Surgeons to communicate any updates in practice to Division of General Surgery and Radiology.
- Radiologists to communicate any updates in practice to Division of General Surgery and Radiology.

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Evaluation Plan

• Length of stay (LOS) evaluation

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Attachments:

Intussusception final 2021.pdf

Pathway algorithm 2021.pdf

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